WEST Search History

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!	L5	2002	3
	L4	2003	8
	L3	2001	0
	L2	2000	0
	L1	antrodia camphorata	26

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

NEWS EXPRESS JANUARY 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01a, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 10 JANUARY 2005

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=> index bioscience FILE 'DRUGMONOG' ACCESS NOT AUTHORIZED COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, ...' ENTERED AT 08:29:19 ON 08 JUN 2005

75 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view search error messages that display as 0* with SET DETAIL OFF.

=> s antrodia (w) camphorata and (pharmaceutical or active or medicine or drug)

- 4 FILE AGRICOLA
- 2 FILE BIOENG
- 17 FILE BIOSIS
- 4 FILE BIOTECHABS
- 4 FILE BIOTECHDS
- 1 FILE BIOTECHNO
- 5 FILE CABA
- 2 FILE CANCERLIT
- 17 FILE CAPLUS
- 23 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 3 FILE DDFU
 - 3 FILE DRUGU
 - 15 FILE EMBASE
- 33 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 6 FILE ESBIOBASE
 - 7 FILE FROSTI
 - 10 FILE IPIPAT
 - 3 FILE LIFESCI
 - 14 FILE MEDLINE 3 FILE PASCAL
- 55 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 8 FILE SCISEARCH
 - 19 FILE TOXCENTER

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- FILE USPATFULL 11
- FILE USPAT2 2
- 7 FILE WPIDS
- 74 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 7 FILE WPINDEX
- 75 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX 24 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS,
- QUE ANTRODIA (W) CAMPHORATA AND (PHARMACEUTICAL OR ACTIVE OR MEDICINE OR D Ll RUG)
- => s l1 and (polysaccharide or polysaccharides or active(w)isolate or active (w) composition)
 - 2 FILE AGRICOLA
 - FILE BIOENG 1
 - 3 FILE BIOSIS
 - FILE BIOTECHABS
 - FILE BIOTECHDS
 - FILE BIOTECHNO
 - FILE CABA 1
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 - 6 FILE CAPLUS
 - 2 FILE DDFU
 - 29 FILES SEARCHED...
 - 2 FILE DRUGU
 - FILE EMBASE
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 - FILE IFIPAT
 - FILE LIFESCI
 - FILE MEDLINE 4
 - 51 FILES SEARCHED...
 - FILE PASCAL 1
 - 3 FILE SCISEARCH
 - FILE TOXCENTER
 - FILE USPATFULL
 - FILE USPAT2
 - 70 FILES SEARCHED...
 - FILE WPIDS 3
 - FILE WPINDEX
 - 23 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 75 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX
- QUE L1 AND (POLYSACCHARIDE OR POLYSACCHARIDES OR ACTIVE(W) ISOLATE OR ACTI VE(W) COMPOSITION)

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L3

19 DUP REM L3 (38 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-8' FROM FILE IFIPAT ANSWER '9' FROM FILE USPATFULL

ANSWERS '10-14' FROM FILE CAPLUS

ANSWERS '15-16' FROM FILE MEDLINE

ANSWER '17' FROM FILE BIOTECHDS

ANSWER '18' FROM FILE SCISEARCH

ANSWER '19' FROM FILE WPIDS

=> d ti 1-19

- ANSWER 1 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 1 L4
- PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA TТ AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
- ANSWER 2 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 2 L4
- PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
- ANSWER 3 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 3 L4
- PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA TI AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
- ANSWER 4 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 7 L4
- PREPARATION AND COMPOSITIONS FORANTRODIA CAMPHORATA TΙ MYCELIUM BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE MATERIAL; PREPARING CULTURE OF GENETICALLY ENGINEERED, DISEASE/PARASITE/TUMOR RESISTANT MUSHROOMS
- ANSWER 5 OF 19 IPIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 8 T.4
- ТI PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY; INOCULATING A MYCELIAL INOCULUM OF AN ISOLATE OF ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA; SUBJECTING CULTURE CULTIVATED TO FIRST STAGE OF AGITATION TO OBTAIN SECOND CULTURE PROLIFERATION WITH MYCELIUM; AGITATION TO SUBJECT ISOLATE TO PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS
- ANSWER 6 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 9 L4
- METHOD FOR PROPAGATING FUNGI USING SOLID STATE FERMENTATION; PROPAGATION ΤI OF PREFERENTIAL FUNGUS; OBTAIN NUTRIENT BROTH, INOCULATE WITH FUNGUS, PROPAGATE, RECOVER FUNGUS
- ANSWER 7 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN L4
- PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA TΙ AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY; INOCULATING A MYCELIAL INOCULUM OF AN ISOLATE OF ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA; SUBJECTING CULTURE CULTIVATED TO FIRST STAGE OF AGITATION TO OBTAIN SECOND CULTURE PROLIFERATION WITH MYCELIUM; AGITATION TO SUBJECT ISOLATE TO PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS
- ANSWER 8 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN L_4
- INCUBATION METHOD FOR OBTAINING SOLID CULTURE OF ZANG ZHI, SOLID CULTURE TΙ OBTAINED THEREFROM, PROCESSED PRODUCTS AND USE THEREOF; INCUBATING ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA (ZANG ZHI) TO PRODUCE A SOLID CULTURE HAVING THE SAME PHARMACEUTICAL EFFICACY AND THE WILD ONE DOES BY USE OF THE INOCULUMS OF SPAWN (CCRC35398); FOODS AND DRUGS FOR LIVER PROBLEMS, ANTICARCINOGENIC AGENTS, ETC.

- L4 ANSWER 9 OF 19 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 10
- TI Incubation method for obtaining solid culture of Zang Zhi, solid culture obtained therefrom, processed products and use thereof
- L4 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
- TI Anti-hepatitis B virus polysaccharides obtained from Antrodia camphorata
- L4 ANSWER 11 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5
- TI Antitumor effects of the partially purifiedpolysaccharides from Antrodia camphorata and the mechanism of its action
- L4 ANSWER 12 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 11
- TI Method for propagating fungi using solid state fermentation
- L4 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 12
- TI Antioxidant Properties of Antrodia camphorata in Submerged Culture
- L4 ANSWER 14 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- TI Bioactive components obtained from Antrodia mycelia, and manufacture thereof
- L4 ANSWER 15 OF 19 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 6
- TI Anti-inflammatory activity of the extracts from mycelia of Antrodia camphorata cultured with water-soluble fractions from five different Cinnamomum species.
- L4 ANSWER 16 OF 19 MEDLINE on STN

DUPLICATE 13

- TI Antrodia camphorata polysaccharides exhibit anti-hepatitis B virus effects.
- L4 ANSWER 17 OF 19 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP. on STN
- TI Effect of pH on the production and molecular weight distribution of exopolysaccharide by Antrodia camphorats in batch cultures;

polysaccharide production by fungus fermentation for potential use as a virucide against hepatitis B virus

- L4 ANSWER 18 OF 19 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2005 The Thomson Corporation on STN
- TI Induction of apoptosis by Antrodia camphorata in human premyelocytic leukemia HL-60 cells
- L4 ANSWER 19 OF 19 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
- TI Polysaccharides extracted from the culture medium of the fungus
 Antrodia camphorata which grows on the Cinnamomum
 kanehirae tree are useful to improve immunity and give resistance to
 tumors and parasite infections.

=> d ti bib 1-19

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OPANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
 - AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
- AN 10584778 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
- TI PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
 AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
- INF Huang; Ren-Chang, Hua-Lian Hsien, TW Lin; Shie-Jea, Hsin-Chu City, TW Wang; Bor-Cheh, Hsin-Chu City, TW

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Wu; Mei-Chiao, Hsin-Chu City, TW
      Huang Ren-Chang (TW); Lin Shie-Jea (TW); Wang Bor-Cheh (TW); Wu Mei-Chiao
IN
PAF
      Unassigned
PA
      Unassigned Or Assigned To Individual (68000)
      FISH & RICHARDSON PC, 225 FRANKLIN ST, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US
AG
      US 2004092000 Al 20040513
PΙ
ΑI
      US 2003-697784
                          20031030
                          20000508 CONTINUATION-IN-PART
RLI
      US 2000-566834
                                                          6391615
      US 2002-113903
                          20020329 DIVISION
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PRAI
     TW 2000-89102716
                          20000217
      US 2004092000
                          20040513
ΡI
      US 6391615
      Utility; Patent Application - First Publication
DT
FS
      CHEMICAL
      APPLICATION
     This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 09/ 566,834
      filed on May 8, 2000, disclosure of which is incorporated herein by
      reference.
CLMN
    40
       9 Figure(s).
GΙ
     FIG. 1 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from A. camphorata cultures, where A. camphorata is cultivated
      under two different agitation conditions:
     FIG. 2 is a diagram demonstrating the pH fluctuation in three A.
      camphorata cultures over the cultivation time;
     FIG. 3 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from the A. camphorata cultures described in FIG. 2, where the A.
      camphorata is cultivated at pH values controlled within three distinct
     FIG. 4 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from a scaled-up culture of A. camphorata;
     FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating the purification scheme for an A.
      camphorata filtrate based on molecular weight;
     FIG. 6 is a bar graph demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the culture
      filtrates separated according to FIG. 5, in which the tested cell lines
      include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;
     FIG. 7 is a bar graph comparing the anti-tumor activity of the fractions
      separated on Amberlite (reg) XAD-4 from a filtrate fraction containing
      fungal molecules having molecular weights of no more than 1 kDa, in which
      the tested cell lines include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;
     FIG. 8 is a spectrum profile of the ethyl acetate eluate of FIG. 7
      fractionated on a Lichrosorb (reg) RP-18 column; and
     FIGS. 9-11 demonstrate the anti-tumor activity of the fractions separated
      in FIG. 8.
L4
    ANSWER 2 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 2
ΤI
     PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
      AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
      10584777 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
AN
      PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
ΤI
      AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
INF
     Huang; Ren-Chang, Hua-Lian Hsien, TW
      Lin; Shie-Jea, Hsin-Chu City, TW
      Wang; Bor-Cheh, Hsin-Chu City, TW
      Wu; Mei-Chiao, Hsin-Chu City, TW
IN
      Huang Ren-Chang (TW); Lin Shie-Jea (TW); Wang Bor-Cheh (TW); Wu Mei-Chiao
      (WT)
PAP
PA
      Unassigned Or Assigned To Individual (68000)
      PISH & RICHARDSON PC, 225 FRANKLIN ST, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US
AG
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US 2004091999 Al 20040513

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US 2003-697782

AΙ

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RLI
     US 2000-566834
                          20000508 CONTINUATION-IN-PART
                                                          6391615
      US 2002-113903
                          20020329 DIVISION
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PRAI
     TW 2000-89102716
                          20000217
PΙ
      US 2004091999
                          20040513
      US 6391615
DT
      Utility; Patent Application - First Publication
FS
      CHEMICAL
      APPLICATION
     This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 09/ 566,834
PARN
      filed on May 8, 2000, disclosure of which is incorporated herein by
      reference.
CLMN 40
GΙ
       9 Figure(s).
     PIG. 1 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from A. camphorata cultures, where A. camphorata is cultivated
      under two different agitation conditions:
     FIG. 2 is a diagram demonstrating the pH fluctuation in three A.
      camphorata cultures over the cultivation time:
     PIG. 3 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from the A. camphorata cultures described in FIG. 2, where the A.
      camphorata is cultivated at pH values controlled within three distinct
      intervals:
     FIG. 4 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from a scaled-up culture of A. camphorata;
     FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating the purification scheme for an A.
      camphorata filtrate based on molecular weight;
     FIG. 6 is a bar graph demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the culture
      filtrates separated according to FIG. 5, in which the tested cell lines
      include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;
     FIG. 7 is a bar graph comparing the anti-tumor activity of the fractions
      separated on Amberlite (reg) XAD-4 from a filtrate fraction containing
      fungal molecules having molecular weights of no more than 1 kDa, in which
      the tested cell lines include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCP-7;
     FIG. 8 is a spectrum profile of the ethyl acetate eluate of FIG. 7
      fractionated on a Lichrosorb (reg) RP-18 column; and
    FIGS. 9-11 demonstrate the anti-tumor activity of the fractions separated
      in FIG. 8.
    ANSWER 3 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 3
     PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
      AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
AN
      10579782 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
ΤI
      PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
      AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY
      Huang; Ren-Chang, Chi-An Hsiang, TW
     Lin; Shie-Jea, Hsin-Chu City, TW
      Wang; Bor-Cheh, Hsin-Chu City, TW
      Wu; Mei-Chiao, Hsin-Chu City, TW
IN
     Huang Ren-Chang (TW); Lin Shie-Jea (TW); Wang Bor-Cheh (TW); Wu Mei-Chiao
      (TW)
PAF
      Council of Agriculture, Executive Yuan
      Council of Agriculture Executive Yuan TW
PA
      FISH & RICHARDSON PC, 225 FRANKLIN ST, BOSTON, MA, 02110, US
AG
ΡI
     US 2004087004 A1 20040506
ΑI
     US 2003-697741
                          20031030
                          20000508 CONTINUATION-IN-PART
RLI
     US 2000-566834
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     US 2002-113903
                          20020329 DIVISION
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PRAI · TW 2000-89102716
                          20000217
     US 2004087004
                          20040506
ΡI
     US 6391615
DT
     Utility; Patent Application - First Publication
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FS

CHEMICAL APPLICATION

```
This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 09/ 566,834
PARN
      filed on May 8, 2000, disclosure of which is incorporated herein by
      reference.
CLMN
GI
       9 Figure(s).
     FIG. 1 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from A. camphorata cultures, where A. camphorata is cultivated
      under two different agitation conditions;
     FIG. 2 is a diagram demonstrating the pH fluctuation in three A.
      camphorata cultures ov r the cultivation time;
     FIG. 3 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from the A. camphorata cultures described in FIG. 2, where the A.
      camphorata is cultivated at pH values controlled within three distinct
      intervals:
     FIG. 4 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from a scaled-up culture of A. camphorata;
     FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating the purification scheme for an A.
      camphorata filtrate based on molecular weight;
     FIG. 6 is a bar graph demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the culture
      filtrates separated according to FIG. 5, in which the tested cell lines
      include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;
     FIG. 7 is a bar graph comparing the anti-tumor activity of the fractions
      separated on Amberlite (reg) XAD-4 from a filtrate fraction containing
      fungal molecules having molecular weights of no more than 1 kDa, in which
      the tested cell lines include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;
     FIG. 8 is a spectrum profile of the ethyl acetate eluate of FIG. 7
      fractionated on a Lichrosorb (reg) RP-18 column; and
     FIGS. 9-11 demonstrate the anti-tumor activity of the fractions separated
      in FIG. 8.
     ANSWER 4 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 7
L4
TI
      PREPARATION AND COMPOSITIONS FORANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
      MYCELIUM BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE MATERIAL; PREPARING CULTURE OF
      GENETICALLY ENGINEERED, DISEASE/PARASITE/TUMOR RESISTANT MUSHROOMS
AN
      10404095 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
      PREPARATION AND COMPOSITIONS FORANTRODIA CAMPHORATA
TT
      MYCELIUM BIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE MATERIAL; PREPARING CULTURE OF
      GENETICALLY ENGINEERED, DISEASE/PARASITE/TUMOR RESISTANT MUSHROOMS
INF
      Chen; Chin-Nung, Taoyuan City, TW
      Chen; Jinn-Chu, Hsinchu City, TW
      Sheu; Sen-Je, Taiping City, TW
      Chen Chin-Nung (TW); Chen Jinn-Chu (TW); Sheu Sen-Je (TW)
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      Unassigned Or Assigned To Individual (68000)
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      CITY, MD, 21043, US
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                     Al 20030807
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      US 2001-26791
                          20011227
ΡI
      US 2003148517
                          20030807
DT
      Utility; Patent Application - First Publication
FS
      CHEMICAL
      APPLICATION
OS
      CA 139:159927
CLMN
      12
GΤ
      11 Figure(s).
     FIG. 1 shows, according to CCRC 35398 culture and process of producing
      biologically active material from Antrodia
      camphorate mycelium in the present invention, the variations of
      the yields of Antrodia camphorata mycelium and the
      obtained biologically active material, i.e.
      polysaccharides, in dry weight percentage with the culturing
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FIG. 2 shows, according to CCRC 35396 culture and process of producing

biologically active material from Antrodia camphorate mycelium in the present invention, the variations of the yields of Antrodia camphorata mycelium and the obtained biologically active material, i.e. polysaccharides, in dry weight percentage with the culturing FIG. 3 is the protein standard curve for gel filtration chromatography; FIG. 4 is the chromatographic curve for molecular weight determination for polysaccharides contained in Antrodia camphorata mycelium; FIG. 5 is the chromatographic curve for molecular weight determination for Sepharose 6B polysaccharides extracted from Antrodia camphorata mycelium by water; PIG. 6 is the chromatographic curve for molecular weight determination for Sepharose 6B polysaccharides extracted from Antrodia camphorate mycelium by bases; FIG. 7 is the 1H-NMR spectrum for Sepharose 6Epolysaccharides extracted from Antrodia camphorata mycelium by water; FIG. 8 is the 13C-NMR spectrum for Sepharose 6Epolysaccharides extracted from Antrodia camphorata mycelium by water; FIG. 9 is the IR spectrum forpolysaccharides from Antrodia camphorata mycelium; FIG. 10 is the X-ray diffraction patterns forpolysaccharides from Antrodia camphorata mycelium; FIG. 11 shows the variation of TNF-alpha concentrations from macrophage and analyzed by ELISA with differentpolysaccharide preparations when water-extracted material and base-extracted material from the Antrodia camphorats mycelium in the present invention and the fermentation solution undergo macrophage activation FIG. 12 shows the results of immune responses (cytokines IL-2, TNT-alpha and INP-gamma) from C57BL/6 and BALB/c mice fed with different dosages of Antrodia camphorata for different number of weeks. ANSWER 5 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 8 PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY; INOCULATING A MYCELIAL INOCULUM OF AN ISOLATE OF ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA; SUBJECTING CULTURE CULTIVATED TO FIRST STAGE OF AGITATION TO OBTAIN SECOND CULTURE PROLIFERATION WITH MYCELIUM; AGITATION TO SUBJECT ISOLATE TO PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS 10342494 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY; INOCULATING A MYCELIAL INOCULUM OF AN ISOLATE OF ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA; SUBJECTING CULTURE CULTIVATED TO FIRST STAGE OF AGITATION TO OBTAIN SECOND CULTURE PROLIFERATION WITH MYCELIUM; AGITATION TO SUBJECT ISOLATE TO PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS Huang; Ren-Chang, Hua-Lian Hsien, TW Lin; Shie-Jea, Hsin-Chu City, TW. Wang; Bor-Cheh, Hsin-Chu City, TW Wu; Mei-Chiao, Hsin-Chu City, TW Huang Ren-Chang (TW); Lin Shie-Jea (TW); Wang Bor-Cheh (TW); Wu Mei-Chiao Unassigned Unassigned Or Assigned To Individual (68000) Y. ROCKY TSAO Fish & Richardson P.C., 225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA, 02110-2804, US US -2003086908 A1 20030508 US 2002-113903 20020329 US 2000-566834 20000508 CONTINUATION-IN-PART 6391615 PRAI TW 2000-89102716 20000217

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RLI

FΙ

US 2003086908

20030508

DT Utility; Patent Application - First Publication FS CHEMICAL APPLICATION This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 09/ 566,834 filed on May 8, 2000, disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference. CLMN 40 9 Figure(s). GΙ FIG. 1 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates derived from A. camphorata cultures, where A. camphorata is cultivated under two different agitation conditions; FIG. 2 is a diagram demonstrating the pH fluctuation in three A. camphorata cultures over the cultivation time; FIG. 3 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates derived from the A. camphorata cultures described in PIG. 2, where the A. camphorata is cultivated at pH values controlled within three distinct intervals; FIG. 4 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates derived from a scaled-up culture of A. camphorata; FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating the purification scheme for an A. camphorata filtrate based on molecular weight; FIG. 6 is a bar graph demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the culture filtrates separated according to FIG. 5, in which the tested cell lines include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF7;. FIG. 7 is a bar graph comparing the anti-tumor activity of the fractions separated on Amberlite registered XAD4 from a filtrate fraction containing fungal molecules having molecular weights of no more than 1 kDa, in which the tested cell lines include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and FIG. 8 is a spectrum profile of the ethyl acetate eluate of FIG. 7 fractionated on a Lichrosorb registered RP-18 column; and FIGS. 9-11 demonstrate the anti-tumor activity of the fractions separated in FIG. 8. ANSWER 6 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 9 L4METHOD FOR PROPAGATING FUNGI USING SOLID STATE FERMENTATION; PROPAGATION TΙ OF PREFERENTIAL FUNGUS; OBTAIN NUTRIENT BROTH, INOCULATE WITH FUNGUS, PROPAGATE, RECOVER FUNGUS 03872349 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB AN METHOD FOR PROPAGATING FUNGI USING SOLID STATE FERMENTATION; PROPAGATION OF PREFERENTIAL FUNGUS; OBTAIN NUTRIENT BROTH, INOCULATE WITH FUNGUS, PROPAGATE, RECOVER FUNGUS INF Li; Pei-Jung, Miaoli Hsien, TW Shen; Chung-Guang, Taipei, TW IN Li Pei-Jung (TW); Shen Chung-Guang (TW) Sun Ten Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Taipei, TW Sun Ten Pharmaceutical Co Ltd TW (65255) PAF PΑ EXNAM Naff, David M AG Chao Fei-Fei Venable, Baetjer, Howard & Civiletti US 6558943 B1 20030506 US 2000-655435 20000905 AΙ XPD 5 Sep 2020 FΙ US 6558943 20030506 DT Utility FS CHEMICAL GRANTED Subject to any Disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or NTE adjusted under 35 USC 154(b) by 2 days.

MRN

011067

013662

013664

MFN: 0020

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CLMN 30 8 Drawing Sheet(s), 10 Figure(s). FIG. 1 is a flow-chart which shows stepwise preparation of fungal culture media and propagation of fungus. The left column shows how wild, healthy or frozen fungus mycelia are chosen. The central column contains three incubation steps, which are (1) a solid culture (such as a slant culture), (2) a liquid culture, and (3) a solid state fermentation (SFF) culture. The right column shows how a SFF culture is prepared. FIG. 2 is a time course (days) of Cordyceps Sinensis in an SSF culture which shows the correlation between the total dried weight (gm) of Cordyceps Sinensis and the days of incubation in the SSF medium (FIG. 2a) and the correlation between the amount (mu g) of H1A in Cordyceps Sinensis and the days of incubation in the SSF medium (PIG. 2b). FIG. 3 shows the detection of H1A by reverse phase high performance liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) at 280 nm. FIG. 3a is a RP-HPLC chromatogram showing the retention time for H1A. Purified H1A was a gift from Dr. Ching-Yuang Lin of U.S. Pat. No. 5,582,828. The chromatogram indicates that H1A could be further subdivided into 4 compounds (i.e., H1A-1, H1A-2, H1A-3, and H1A-4) with retention time spanned between 32 and 54 minutes (H1A-1:32.5 minutes; H1A-2:52.5 minutes; H1A-3:53.5 minutes; H1A-4:34 minutes). FIGS. 3b-e show the spectrum of H1A1 (PIG. 3b), H1A-2 (FIG. 3c), H1A-3 (FIG. 3d), and H1A-4 (FIG. 3e). Only H1A-1 and H1A-3

show an absorbance peak at 277.7 nm and 274.1 nm, respectively. FIG. 4 shows HPLC analysis of H1A/ergosterol and nucleosides from wide type Cordyceps sinensis. H1A and ergosterol were separated and analyzed by RP-HPLC at 280 nm according to Lin U. S. Pat. No. 5,582,828. Nucleosides (i.e., uracil, uridine, guanosine, adenosine) were separated and analyzed by HPLC at 260 nm as described in Example 2 (infra). The chromatogram of H1A/ergosterol is shown in FIG. 4a. The chromatogram of nucleosides is shown in FIG. 4b.

ANSWER 7 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN L4

PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA ΤI AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY; INOCULATING A MYCELIAL INOCULUM OF AN ISOLATE OF ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA; SUBJECTING CULTURE CULTIVATED TO FIRST STAGE OF AGITATION TO OBTAIN SECOND CULTURE PROLIFERATION WITH MYCELIUM; AGITATION TO SUBJECT ISOLATE TO PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS

04102161 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB. AN

PROCESS FOR PRODUCING A CULTURE OFANTRODIA CAMPHORATA AND PRODUCT OBTAINED THEREBY; INOCULATING A MYCELIAL INOCULUM OF AN ISOLATE OF ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA; SUBJECTING CULTURE CULTIVATED TO FIRST STAGE OF AGITATION TO OBTAIN SECOND CULTURE PROLIFERATION WITH MYCELIUM; AGITATION TO SUBJECT ISOLATE TO PHYSIOLOGICAL STRESS

Huang; Ren-Chang, Hua-Lian Hsien, TW INF Lin; Shie-Jea, Hsin-Chu, TW Wang; Bor-Cheh, Hsin-Chu, TW Wu; Mei-Chiao, Hsin-Chu, TW

Huang Ren-Chang (TW); Lin Shie-Jea (TW); Wang Bor-Cheh (TW); Wu Mei-Chiao IN

Council of Agriculture, Executive Yuan, Taipei, TW PAF

Council of Agriculture TW (49871)

EXNAM Lilling, Herbert J

AG Fish & Richardson P.C.

B2 20040727 US 6767543 PΙ US 2003086908 A1 20030508 AΙ US 2002-113903 20020329

8 May 2020 XPD

US 2000-566834 20000508 CONTINUATION-IN-PART 6391615 RIT

PRAI TW 2000-89102716 20000217 FΙ US 6767543 20040727

US 6391615

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DT
      Utility; Granted Patent - Utility, with Pre-Grant Publication
FS
      CHEMICAL
      GRANTED
PARN This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 09/566,834
      filed on May 8, 2000, now U.S. Pat. No. 6,391,615, disclosure of which is
      incorporated herein by reference.
NTE
      INDEXED FROM APPLICATION
CLMN 21
GΙ
       6 Drawing Sheet(s), 11 Figure(s).
     PIG. 1 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from A. camphorata cultures, where A. camphorata is cultivated
      under two different agitation conditions;
     FIG. 2 is a diagram demonstrating the pH fluctuation in three A.
      camphorata cultures over the cultivation time;
     FIG. 3 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from the A. camphorata cultures described in FIG. 2, where the A.
      camphorata is cultivated at pH values controlled within three distinct
      intervals:
     FIG. 4 is a diagram demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the filtrates
      derived from a scaled-up culture of A. camphorata;
     FIG. 5 is a flow chart illustrating the purification scheme for an A.
      camphorata filtrate based on molecular weight;
     FIG. 6 is a bar graph demonstrating the anti-tumor activity of the culture
      filtrates separated according to FIG. 5, in which the tested cell lines
      include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;.
     FIG. 7 is a bar graph comparing the anti-tumor activity of the fractions
      separated on Amberlite (req) XAD4 from a filtrate fraction containing
      fungal molecules having molecular weights of no more than 1 kDa, in which
      the tested cell lines include MRC-5, HeLa, AGS, Hep G2, and MCF-7;
     FIG. 8 is a spectrum profile of the ethyl acetate eluate of FIG. 7
      fractionated on a Lichrosorb (reg) RP-18 column; and
     FIGS. 9-11 demonstrate the anti-tumor activity of the fractions separated
      in FIG. 8.
     ANSWER 8 OF 19 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2005 IFI on STN
L4
      INCUBATION METHOD FOR OBTAINING SOLID CULTURE OF ZANG ZHI, SOLID CULTURE
TΙ
      OBTAINED THEREFROM, PROCESSED PRODUCTS AND USE THEREOF; INCUBATING
      ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA (ZANG ZHI) TO PRODUCE A SOLID
      CULTURE HAVING THE SAME PHARMACEUTICAL EFFICACY AND THE WILD
      ONE DOES BY USE OF THE INOCULUMS OF SPAWN (CCRC35398); FOODS AND DRUGS
      FOR LIVER PROBLEMS, ANTICARCINOGENIC AGENTS, ETC.
      04071957 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB
AN
      INCUBATION METHOD FOR OBTAINING SOLID CULTURE OF ZANG ZHI, SOLID CULTURE
ΤI
      OBTAINED THEREFROM, PROCESSED PRODUCTS AND USE THEREOF; INCUBATING
      ANTRODIA CAMPHORATA (ZANG ZHI) TO PRODUCE A SOLID
      CULTURE HAVING THE SAME PHARMACEUTICAL EFFICACY AND THE WILD
      ONE DOES BY USE OF THE INOCULUMS OF SPAWN (CCRC35398); FOODS AND DRUGS
      FOR LIVER PROBLEMS, ANTICARCINOGENIC AGENTS, ETC.
INF
      Lan; Ming-Huang, 7F, No. 9, Lane 191, Sec. 2, Di-Hua St., Taipei, TW
      Wu; Li-Yu, 7F, No. 9, Lane 191, Sec. 2, Di-Hua St., Taipei, TW
      Lan Ming-Huang (TW); Wu Li-Yu (TW)
PAF ·
      Unassigned
PA
      Unassigned Or Assigned To Individual (68000)
EXNAM Tate, Christopher R
EXNAM Srivastava, Kailash C
AG
      Ladas & Parry, US
PΙ
      US 6740517
                     B2
                          20040525
      US 2003138408
                      A1
                         20030724
ΑI
      US 2001-23362
                          20011214
XPD
      14 Dec 2021
      US 6740517
                          20040525
FI
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Utility; Granted Patent - Utility, with Pre-Grant Publication

DT FS

CHEMICAL

GRANTED NTE INDEXED FROM APPLICATION CLMN GΙ 7 Drawing Sheet(s), 8 Figure(s). FIGS. la-c illustrate comparative analysis of the HPLC of constituents of Zang Zhi, including (a) the fruiting body of cultured Zang Zhi according to the invention, (b) the liquid culture of Zang Zhi and (c) the fruiting body of wild Zang Zhi. FIG. 2 illustrates the use of ferrous ions to stimulate the homogenization of mouse brain to cause the free radical peroxidative reaction of lipid, which will result in increasing of the TBARS (peroxidative constituents of lipid). Comparing the triple fold with the eight fold of concentrated extract of Zang Zhi fruiting body cultured according to the invention, we note that the increased inhibition of the peroxidative reaction will vary with the increase of the concentration, that is shown by the percentage of inhibition of per oxidative reaction (n=3). FIG. 3 shows the effect of different concentrations of extract of Zang Zhi on the active change of GTP for measurement of liver function. # represents the statistical difference between the normal group and the injury group (P<0.01); *represents the statistical difference between the feed group and the injury group (P<0.01). Value is represented by average+-standard error. FIG. 4 shows the effect of different concentrations of Zang Zhi extract on the active change of GOT for the biochemical measurement of liver function. # represents the statistical difference between a normal group and an injury group (P<0.01); *represents the statistical difference between the feed group and the injury group (P<0.01). Value is represented by average+standard error. FIG. 5 shows the effect of an extract of Zang Zhi powder on the growth of bowel cancer cell (COLO 320 HSR). L4ANSWER 9 OF 19 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 10 Incubation method for obtaining solid culture of Zang Zhi, solid culture TI obtained therefrom, processed products and use thereof 2003:200425 USPATFULL AN Incubation method for obtaining solid culture of Zang Zhi, solid culture TI obtained therefrom, processed products and use thereof Lan, Ming-Huang, Taipei, TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA IN Wu, Li-YU, Taipei, TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA 20030724 PΙ US 2003138408 A1 US 6740517 **B2** 20040525 A1 20011214 (10) ΑI US 2001-23362 DT Utility APPLICATION FS LREP LARIVIERE, GRUBMAN & PAYNE, LLP, 1 LOWER RAGSDALE, BLDG. 1, SUITE 130, P.O. BOX 3140, MONTEREY, CA, 93942 CLMN Number of Claims: 49 Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
TI Anti-hepatitis B virus polysaccharides obtained from

Antrodia camphorata AN 2004:249893 CAPLUS

7 Drawing Page(s)

DN 140:276148

DRWN 7 Dr LN.CNT 1106

TI Anti-hepatitis B virus polysaccharides obtained from Antrodia camphorata

IN Chen, Chieh-pu; Lu, Mei-kuang; Hwang, Jui-ling; Chang, Tong-chu; Chen, Chi-ting; Wang, Shih-jen

PA Tai-Tsung Biotechnology Co., Ltd., Taiwan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

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     JP 2004091780
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PRAI TW 2002-91120217
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                                20020830
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     Antrodia camphorata and the mechanism of its action
AN
     2004:974999 CAPLUS
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     142:16423
     Antitumor effects of the partially purifiedpolysaccharides from
TI
     Antrodia camphorata and the mechanism of its action
     Liu, Jun-Jen; Huang, Tien-Shang; Hsu, Ming-Ling; Chen, Chin-Chu; Lin,
ΑU
     Wen-Shin; Lu, Fung-Jou; Chang, Wen-Huei
     Graduate Institute of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, College of
     Medicine, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan
     Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology (2004), 201(2), 186-193
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     CODEN: TXAPA9; ISSN: 0041-008X
PB
     Elsevier
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DT
     English
LA
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L4
TI
     Method for propagating fungi using solid state fermentation
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AN
DN
     136:215525
ΤI
     Method for propagating fungi using solid state fermentation
IN
     Li, Pei-Jung; Shen, Chung-Guang
     Globoasia LLC, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
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LA
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                                            APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND DATE
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                         A2
                                20020314
                                             WO 2001-US17328
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                         B1
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                          A5
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     WO 2001-US17328
                                20010529
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     Antioxidant Properties of Antrodia camphorata in
ΤI
     Submerged Culture
AN
     2002:312269 CAPLUS
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DΝ

137:62465

Antioxidant Properties of Antrodia camphorats in

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Submerged Culture
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     Song, Tuzz-Ying; Yen, Gow-Chin
     Department of Food Science, National Chung Hsing University, Taichung,
CS
     40227, Taiwan
     Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (2002), 50(11), 3322-3327
so
     CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561
PB
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DΤ
     Journal
     English
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RE.CNT 33
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             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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L4
     Bioactive components obtained from Antrodia mycelia, and manufacture
TI
     thereof
AN
     2003:214694 CAPLUS
     138:243244
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     Bioactive components obtained from Antrodia mycelia, and manufacture
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     thereof
     Chen, Chin-Chu; Chen, Hsien-Nung; Hsiu, Sheng-Chieh
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     Putaowang Enterprise Co., Ltd., Japan
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SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
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     Japanese
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     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
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                                                                  DATE
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                                                       DUPLICATE 6
    Anti-inflammatory activity of the extracts from mycelia of
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     Antrodia camphorata cultured with water-soluble
     fractions from five different Cinnamomum species.
AΝ
     2004068218
                  MEDLINE
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     PubMed ID: 14769478
     Anti-inflammatory activity of the extracts from mycelia of
     Antrodia camphorata cultured with water-soluble
     fractions from five different Cinnamomum species.
     Shen Yuh-Chiang; Chou Cheng-Jen; Wang Yea-Hwey; Chen Chieh-Fu; Chou
ΑU
     Yueh-Ching; Lu Mei-Kuang
     National Research Institute of Chinese Medicine, Room 739, 155-1, Section
     2, Li-Nong Street, Pei-tou District (112), Taipei, Taiwan, ROC.
so
     FEMS microbiology letters, (2004 Feb 9) 231 (1) 137-43.
     Journal code: 7705721. ISSN: 0378-1097.
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     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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     Entered STN: 20040211
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 20040615
     Entered Medline: 20040614
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                                                       DUPLICATE 13
ΤI
    Antrodia camphorata polysaccharides exhibit
     anti-hepatitis B virus effects.
AN
     2002278774
                   MEDLINE
DN
     PubMed ID: 12007655
ΤI
    Antrodia camphorata polysaccharides exhibit
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Lee I-Hung; Huang Ray-Ling; Chen Chi-Ting; Chen Hsiao-Chuan; Hsu Wen-Chi;

anti-hepatitis B virus effects.

ΑU

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Lu Mei-Kuang
 CS
      China Medical College, 91 Hsueh-Shih Road, Taichung 40421, Taiwan.
      FEMS microbiology letters, (2002 Mar 19) 209 (1) 63-7.
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     Journal code: 7705721. ISSN: 0378-1097.
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     Netherlands
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     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
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     200207
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     Entered STN: 20020522
     Last Updated on STN: 20020727
     Entered Medline: 20020726
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L4
TΙ
      Effect of pH on the production and molecular weight distribution of
      exopolysaccharide by Antrodia camphorate in batch
      cultures;
           polysaccharide production by fungus fermentation for
         potential use as a virucide against hepatitis B virus
AN
      2004-16520 BIOTECHDS
      Effect of pH on the production and molecular weight distribution of
TI
      exopolysaccharide by Antrodia camphorata in batch
      cultures:
           polysaccharide production by fungus fermentation for
         potential use as a virucide against hepatitis B virus
ΑU
      SHU CH; LUNG MY
CS
      Natl Cent Univ
      Shu CH, Natl Cent Univ, Dept Chem and Mat Engn, Chungli 320, Taoyuan,
LO
so
      PROCESS BIOCHEMISTRY; (2004) 39, 8, 931-937
                                                      ISSN: 0032-9592
DT
      Journal
LA
      English
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· L4
     Induction of apoptosis by Antrodia camphorata in human
TI
     premyelocytic leukemia HL-60 cells
AN
      2004:706863 SCISEARCH
     The Genuine Article (R) Number: 842SS
GA
     Induction of apoptosis by Antrodia camphorata in human
     premyelocytic leukemia HL-60 cells
     Hseu Y C; Yang H L (Reprint); Lai Y C; Lin J G; Chen G W; Chang Y H
ΑU
     China Med Univ, Inst Nutr, 91 Hsueh Shih Rd, Taichung 40421, Taiwan
CS
      (Reprint); China Med Univ, Inst Nutr, Taichung 40421, Taiwan; Chungtai
      Inst Hlth Sci & Technol, Dept Food Sci, Taichung, Taiwan; China Med Univ,
     Inst Chinese Med Sci, Taichung 40421, Taiwan; China Med Univ, Inst
     Integrated Chinese & Western Med, Taichung 40421, Taiwan
CYA
     Taiwan
     NUTRITION AND CANCER-AN INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL, (JUL-AUG 2004) Vol. 48, No.
SO
     2, pp. 189-197.
     Publisher: LAWRENCE ERLBAUM ASSOC INC, 10 INDUSTRIAL AVE, MAHWAH, NJ
     07430-2262 USA.
     ISSN: 0163-5581.
DT
     Article; Journal
LA
     English
REC Reference Count: 39
      *ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS*
     ANSWER 19 OF 19 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
L4
     Polysaccharides extracted from the culture medium of the fungus
TI
     Antrodia camphorata which grows on the Cinnamomum
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kanehirae tree are useful to improve immunity and give resistance to

tumors and parasite infections.

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2002-628744 [68] WPIDS
AN
DNC C2003-248039
    Polysaccharides extracted from the culture medium of the fungus
     Antrodia camphorata which grows on the Cinnamomum
     kanehirae tree are useful to improve immunity and give resistance to
     tumors and parasite infections.
DC
     B04
IN
     CHEN, J; CHEN, Q; XU, S; CHEN, C; SHEU, S
     (PUTA-N) PUTAOWANG ENTERPRISE CO LTD; (CHEN-I) CHEN C; (CHEN-I) CHEN J;
PA
     (SHEU-I) SHEU S
CYC 3
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     CN 1352990
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                                                 16
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     US 2003148517
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ADT CN 1352990 A CN 2001-115869 20010511; JP 2003081863 A JP 2001-278805
     20010913; US 2003148517 A1 US 2001-26791 20011227
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